

## Contents

<b>I- Introduction to turbulence in fluid mechanics . . . . .</b>	<b>1</b>
1 Is it possible to define turbulence? . . . . .	1
2 Examples of turbulent flows . . . . .	5
3 Fully-developed turbulence . . . . .	11
4 Fluid turbulence and “chaos” . . . . .	13
5 Deterministic and statistical approaches . . . . .	16
6 Why study isotropic turbulence? . . . . .	18
7 One-point closure modelling . . . . .	19
8 Outline of the following chapters . . . . .	19
<b>II- Basic fluid dynamics . . . . .</b>	<b>23</b>
1 Eulerian notation and Lagrangian derivatives . . . . .	23
2 The continuity equation . . . . .	24
3 The conservation of momentum . . . . .	25
4 The thermodynamic equation . . . . .	29
5 The incompressibility assumption . . . . .	33
6 The dynamics of vorticity . . . . .	35
7 Potential vorticity and Rossby number . . . . .	38
2.7.1 Ertel's theorem . . . . .	38
2.7.2 The Rossby number . . . . .	41
8 The Boussinesq approximation . . . . .	44
9 Internal inertial-gravity waves . . . . .	48
10 Barré de Saint-Venant equations . . . . .	52
2.10.1 Derivation of the equations . . . . .	52
2.10.2 The potential vorticity . . . . .	54
2.10.3 Inertial-gravity waves . . . . .	55
2.10.3.1 Analogy with two-dimensional compressible gas	57
11 Gravity waves in a fluid of arbitrary depth . . . . .	57
<b>III- Transition to turbulence . . . . .</b>	<b>61</b>
1 The Reynolds number . . . . .	62
2 Linear-instability theory . . . . .	64
3.2.1 Two-dimensional temporal analysis . . . . .	64
3.2.1.1 The 2D Orr-Sommerfeld equation . . . . .	65
3.2.1.2 The Rayleigh equation . . . . .	66
3.2.1.3 Kuo equation . . . . .	69
3.2.2 Three-dimensional temporal normal-mode analysis .	70

3.2.2.1	Non-rotating case . . . . .	70
3.2.2.2	Solid-body rotation . . . . .	72
3.2.3	Non-normal analysis . . . . .	73
3.2.3.1	A linearized approach . . . . .	74
3.2.3.2	The velocity-sheets model . . . . .	75
3	Transition in free-shear flows . . . . .	77
3.3.1	Mixing layers . . . . .	77
3.3.2	Plane jets and wakes . . . . .	88
4	Wall flows . . . . .	92
3.4.1	The boundary layer . . . . .	92
3.4.2	Poiseuille flow . . . . .	96
5	Thermal convection . . . . .	98
3.5.1	Rayleigh-Bénard convection . . . . .	98
3.5.2	Other types of thermal convection . . . . .	102
6	Transition, coherent structures and Kolmogorov spectra . . . . .	102
<b>IV- Shear-flow turbulence</b>	. . . . .	<b>105</b>
1	Reynolds equations . . . . .	105
4.1.1	The mixing-length theory . . . . .	106
4.1.2	Application of mixing-length to turbulent-shear flows . . . . .	107
4.1.2.1	The plane jet . . . . .	107
4.1.2.2	The round jet . . . . .	109
4.1.2.3	The plane wake . . . . .	111
4.1.2.4	The round wake . . . . .	112
4.1.2.5	The plane mixing layer . . . . .	112
4.1.2.6	The boundary layer . . . . .	114
4.1.2.7	Channel flow . . . . .	116
4.1.2.8	Plane Couette flow . . . . .	117
2	Coherent vortices in free-shear layers . . . . .	119
4.2.1	Spatial mixing layer . . . . .	119
4.2.2	Spatial wake . . . . .	121
4.2.3	Round jet . . . . .	122
3	Coherent structures in wall flows . . . . .	125
4	Turbulence, order and chaos . . . . .	131
<b>V- Fourier analysis of homogeneous turbulence</b>	. . . . .	<b>135</b>
1	Fourier representation of a flow . . . . .	135
5.1.1	Flow “within a box” . . . . .	135
5.1.2	Integral Fourier representation . . . . .	136
2	Navier-Stokes equations in Fourier space . . . . .	138
3	Boussinesq approximation in Fourier space . . . . .	140
4	Craya decomposition . . . . .	141
5	Complex helical waves decomposition . . . . .	143
6	Utilization of random functions . . . . .	146
7	Moments of the velocity field, homogeneity and stationarity . . . . .	147

8 Isotropy . . . . .	149
9 The spectral tensor of an isotropic turbulence . . . . .	154
10 Energy, helicity, enstrophy and scalar spectra . . . . .	155
11 Alternative expressions of the spectral tensor . . . . .	159
12 Axisymmetric turbulence . . . . .	162
13 Rapid-distortion theory . . . . .	164
<b>VI- Isotropic turbulence: phenomenology and simulations 167</b>	
1 Introduction . . . . .	167
2 Triad interactions and detailed conservation . . . . .	167
6.2.1 Quadratic invariants in physical space . . . . .	170
6.2.1.1 Kinetic energy . . . . .	170
6.2.1.2 Helicity . . . . .	171
6.2.1.3 Passive scalar . . . . .	172
3 Transfer and Flux . . . . .	172
4 Kolmogorov's 1941 theory . . . . .	176
6.4.1 Kolmogorov 1941 in spectral space . . . . .	177
6.4.2 Oboukhov's theory . . . . .	179
6.4.3 Kolmogorov 1941 in physical space . . . . .	180
5 The Richardson law . . . . .	182
6 Characteristic scales of turbulence . . . . .	183
6.6.1 The degrees of freedom of turbulence . . . . .	183
6.6.1.1 The dimension of the attractor . . . . .	184
6.6.2 The Taylor microscale . . . . .	185
6.6.3 Self-similar spectra . . . . .	186
7 Skewness factor and enstrophy divergence . . . . .	186
6.7.1 The skewness factor . . . . .	186
6.7.2 Does enstrophy blow up at a finite time? . . . . .	189
6.7.2.1 The constant skewness model . . . . .	189
6.7.2.2 Positiveness of the skewness . . . . .	190
6.7.2.3 Enstrophy blow up theorems . . . . .	190
6.7.2.4 Oboukhov's enstrophy blow up model . . . . .	191
6.7.2.5 Discussion . . . . .	192
6.7.3 The viscous case . . . . .	193
8 Coherent structures in 3D isotropic turbulence . . . . .	194
9 Pressure spectrum . . . . .	196
10 Phenomenology of passive scalar diffusion . . . . .	198
6.10.1 The inertial-convective range . . . . .	200
6.10.2 The inertial-conductive range . . . . .	202
6.10.3 The viscous-convective range . . . . .	204
11 The internal intermittency . . . . .	205
6.11.1 The Kolmogorov-Oboukhov-Yaglom theory . . . . .	206
6.11.2 The Novikov-Stewart (1964) model . . . . .	207
6.11.3 Experimental and numerical results . . . . .	208

<b>VII- Analytical theories and stochastic models . . . . .</b>	<b>213</b>
1 Introduction . . . . .	213
2 The Quasi-Normal approximation . . . . .	216
3 The Eddy-Damped Quasi-Normal type theories . . . . .	219
4 The stochastic models . . . . .	222
5 Phenomenology of the closures . . . . .	227
6 Numerical resolution of the closure equations . . . . .	231
7 The enstrophy divergence and energy catastrophe . . . . .	235
8 The Burgers- <i>M.R.C.M.</i> model . . . . .	238
9 Isotropic helical turbulence . . . . .	240
10 Decay of kinetic energy and backscatter . . . . .	245
7.10.1 Eddy-viscosity and spectral backscatter . . . . .	245
7.10.2 Decay laws . . . . .	247
11 The Renormalization-Group techniques . . . . .	250
7.11.1 The <i>R.N.G.</i> algebra . . . . .	250
7.11.2 Two-point closure and <i>R.N.G.</i> techniques . . . . .	255
7.11.2.1 The $k^{-5/3}$ range . . . . .	255
7.11.2.2 The infrared spectrum . . . . .	256
12 The <i>E.D.Q.N.M.</i> isotropic passive scalar . . . . .	257
7.12.1 A simplified <i>E.D.Q.N.M.</i> model . . . . .	260
7.12.2 <i>E.D.Q.N.M.</i> scalar-enstrophy blow up . . . . .	262
7.12.3 Inertial-convective and viscous-convective ranges . . . . .	265
13 The decay of temperature fluctuations . . . . .	266
7.13.1 Phenomenology . . . . .	266
7.13.1.1 Non-local interactions theory . . . . .	266
7.13.1.2 Self-similar decay . . . . .	269
7.13.1.3 Anomalous temperature decay . . . . .	271
7.13.2 Experimental temperature decay data . . . . .	273
7.13.3 Discussion of the <i>L.E.S.</i> results . . . . .	275
7.13.4 Diffusion in stationary turbulence . . . . .	276
14 Lagrangian particle pair dispersion . . . . .	276
15 Single-particle diffusion . . . . .	278
7.15.1 Taylor's diffusion law . . . . .	278
7.15.2 <i>E.D.Q.N.M.</i> approach to single-particle diffusion . . . . .	280
<b>VIII- Two-dimensional turbulence . . . . .</b>	<b>285</b>
1 Introduction . . . . .	285
2 Spectral tools for two-dimensional isotropic turbulence . . . . .	288
3 Fjortoft's theorem . . . . .	290
4 The enstrophy cascade . . . . .	291
5 Coherent vortices . . . . .	295
6 The inverse energy cascade . . . . .	297
7 The two-dimensional <i>E.D.Q.N.M.</i> model . . . . .	300
8.7.1 Freely-decaying turbulence . . . . .	304

8 Diffusion of a passive scalar . . . . .	308
9 2D turbulence in a temporal mixing layer . . . . .	312
<b>IX- Geostrophic turbulence . . . . .</b>	<b>315</b>
1 Introduction . . . . .	315
2 Geostrophic approximation . . . . .	315
3 Quasi-geostrophic potential vorticity equation . . . . .	320
4 Baroclinic instability . . . . .	322
5 The n-layer quasi-geostrophic model . . . . .	328
6 Ekman layer . . . . .	333
9.6.1 Geostrophic flow above an Ekman layer . . . . .	334
9.6.2 The upper Ekman layer . . . . .	336
9.6.3 Tornadoes generation in an Ekman layer . . . . .	337
7 2D barotropic and baroclinic waves . . . . .	338
8 Geostrophic turbulence . . . . .	341
<b>X- Absolute-equilibrium ensembles . . . . .</b>	<b>349</b>
1 Truncated Euler Equations . . . . .	349
2 Liouville's theorem in the phase space . . . . .	350
3 The application to two-dimensional turbulence . . . . .	353
4 Two-dimensional turbulence over topography . . . . .	355
5 Inviscid statistical mechanics of 2D point vortices . . . . .	358
<b>XI- The statistical predictability theory . . . . .</b>	<b>359</b>
1 Introduction . . . . .	359
2 The <i>E.D.Q.N.M.</i> predictability equations . . . . .	363
3 Predictability of three-dimensional turbulence . . . . .	365
4 Predictability of two-dimensional turbulence . . . . .	367
5 Two-dimensional mixing-layer unpredictability . . . . .	370
11.5.1 Two-dimensional unpredictability and 3D growth .	370
<b>XII- Large-eddy simulations . . . . .</b>	<b>375</b>
1 The direct-numerical simulation of turbulence . . . . .	375
2 Formalism of large-eddy simulations . . . . .	377
12.2.1 Large and subgrid scales . . . . .	377
12.2.2 LES and the predictability problem . . . . .	379
12.2.3 Eddy-viscosity assumption . . . . .	381
3 The Smagorinsky model . . . . .	383
4 LES in spectral space . . . . .	384
12.4.1 Spectral eddy viscosity and diffusivity . . . . .	384
12.4.2 LES of isotropic turbulence . . . . .	387
12.4.3 The anomalous spectral eddy diffusivity . . . . .	390
12.4.4 Alternative approaches . . . . .	393
12.4.5 Spectral LES for inhomogeneous flows . . . . .	395
5 LES in physical space . . . . .	396
12.5.1 Structure-function model . . . . .	396
12.5.2 Selective structure-function model . . . . .	399

12.5.3 Filtered structure-function model . . . . .	399
12.5.4 Scale-similarity and mixed models . . . . .	402
12.5.5 Dynamic models . . . . .	403
6 LES of two-dimensional turbulence . . . . .	406
<b>XIII- Towards real-world turbulence . . . . .</b>	<b>409</b>
1 Introduction . . . . .	409
2 Stably-stratified turbulence . . . . .	410
13.2.1 The so-called “collapse” problem . . . . .	410
13.2.2 A numerical approach to the collapse . . . . .	414
3 Rotating turbulence . . . . .	421
13.3.1 Shear flows . . . . .	422
13.3.1.1 Linear stability . . . . .	423
13.3.1.2 Rotating velocity-sheets model . . . . .	425
13.3.1.3 The weak absolute-vorticity stretching principle	426
13.3.1.4 DNS and LES . . . . .	427
13.3.2 Initially isotropic turbulence . . . . .	435
4 Separated flows . . . . .	436
13.4.1 Mean reattachment length . . . . .	438
13.4.2 Coherent vortices . . . . .	439
13.4.3 Instantaneous reattachment length . . . . .	440
5 Compressible flows . . . . .	441
13.5.1 Compressible mixing layer . . . . .	441
13.5.2 Baroclinic effects in free-shear flows . . . . .	445
13.5.3 Compressible wake . . . . .	447
13.5.4 Heated boundary layer . . . . .	447
13.5.5 Compression ramp . . . . .	449
13.5.6 Compressible boundary layer . . . . .	450
13.5.6.1 LES of temporal boundary layer at Mach 4.5	450
6 Conclusion . . . . .	453
<b>References . . . . .</b>	<b>459</b>
<b>Index . . . . .</b>	<b>497</b>